# Some or all of these definitions may be found in this report:

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Below Detection Levels (BDL)** - laboratory analysis indicates that the contaminant is not present.

Not Applicable (N/A) - does not apply.

**Parts per million (ppm)** - or milligrams per liter, (mg/l). One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

**Parts per billion (ppb)** - or micrograms per liter,  $(\mu g/L)$ . One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Parts per trillion (ppt) - one part per trillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000 years, or a single penny in \$10.000.000.000.

Parts per quadrillion (ppq) - one part per quadrillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000,000 years or one penny in \$10,000,000,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - a measure of the radioactivity in water

**Millirems per year (mrem/yr)** - measure of radiation absorbed by the body.

Million Fibers per Liter (MFL) - a measure of the presence of asbestos fibers that are longer than 10 micrometers.

**Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)** - a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity has no health effects. However, turbidity can provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity is monitored because it is a good indicator of the effectiveness of the filtration system.

Variances & Exemptions (V&E) - State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.

**Action Level (AL)** - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system shall follow.

**Treatment Technique (TT)** - a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Spanish (Español) Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre la calidad de su agua beber. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

## North Nelson Water District Water Quality Report 2024

For previous reports include year. Example: tapwaterinfo.com/2023/northnelson



Water System ID: KY0900323 General Manager: Colin S. Cissell CCR Contact: Colin S. Cissell

Phone: 502-348-8342

Mailing address: P.O. Box 25 Cox's Creek, KY 40013

Meeting location and time: 5555 Louisville Rd, Cox's Creek, KY Third Monday each month at 5:00 PM

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects may be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated contaminants, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and may pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source

water include: Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, (sewage plants, septic systems, livestock operations, or wildlife). Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, (naturally occurring or from stormwater runoff, wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming). Pesticides and herbicides, (stormwater runoff, agriculture or residential uses). Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, (by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, or from gas stations, stormwater runoff, or septic systems). Radioactive contaminants, (naturally occurring or from oil and gas production or mining activities). In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water to provide the same protection for public health.

#### Water Purchased from Bardstown:

(serves most of northern Nelson County) Bardstown treats surface water from Sympson Lake and Beech Fork River. Areas of high concern consist of row crops, bridges and culverts, urban and recreational grasses, an airport and an active landfill. The potential for hazardous material accidentally spilling into the water source gives these sites the Susceptibility Ranking of High. However, the overall Susceptibility Ranking for Bardstown's water source is Moderate. The completed plan is available for inspection at the Lincoln Trail Area Development District in Elizabethtown, KY.

#### Water Purchased from Louisville:

(Crescent Hill TPA serves Bullitt County, Spencer County, and extreme northern Nelson County) LWC treats surface water from the Ohio River. A Source Water Assessment Plan for Jefferson County identified spills of hazardous materials and permitted discharges of sanitary sewers as the highest contamination risks. In Jefferson County, land use in the protection area is primarily zoned for residential and commercial use, with only a few industrial sites. In Oldham and Trimble Counties land use is primarily zoned for residential and agricultural use. Therefore source water contamination risks are relatively low. To view the entire Source Water Assessment and Protection Plan contact Jeremy Raney at 502-569-3600 x2328.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can

be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

### Information about Lead:

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Your local water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact your local water system. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

#### Service Line Inventory Information:

To address lead in drinking water, EPA requires that all community water systems develop and maintain an inventory of service line materials. We have completed a service line inventory (SLI) and it is available for review at our office or the map at northnelsonwater.org.

#### Lead Sample Results Availability Information:

We are required to periodically sample water from customer taps to determine lead and copper levels. EPA sets the lead action level at 0.015 mg/L (15 ppb). For a water system to be in compliance, at least 90% of tap water samples must have lead levels below this limit. This report contains the 90th percentile and range of our most recent sampling. The individual results for each location sampled can be reviewed at our office.

We are only required to test for some contaminants periodically, so the results listed in this report may not be from the previous year. Only detected contaminants are included in this report. For a list of all contaminants we test for please contact us. Copies of this report are available upon request by contacting our office.

Regulated Contaminant Test Results - Louisville Water Company (L); Bardstown (B)											
Contaminant	lestite	Julia Lou		Report	Range of Detection		Date of		Likely Source of		
[code] (units)	MCL	MCLG	Source	Level			Sample	Violation	Contamination		
Barium [1010] (ppm)	2	2	L B	0.024 0.02	0.024 0.02	to to	0.024 0.02	2024	No	Drilling wastes; metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
Fluoride [1025] (ppm)	4	4	L B	0.66 0.77	0.66 0.77	to to	0.66 0.77	2024	No	Water additive which promotes strong teeth	
Nickel (ppb) (US EPA remanded MCL in February 1995.)	N/A	N/A	L	1.3	1.3	to	1.3	2024	No	N/A	
Nitrate [1040] (ppm)	10	10	L	1	0.67	to	1	2024	No	Fertilizer runoff; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits	
Nitrite [1041] (ppm)	1	1	L	0.01	BDL	to	0.01	2024	No	Fertilizer runoff; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits	
2,4-D [2105] (ppb)	70	70	L	BDL	BDL	to	0.29	2024	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops	
Disinfectants/Disinfect	ion Bypr	oducts and	Pre	cursors				•	•	•	
Total Organic Carbon (ppm (report level=lowest avg. range of monthly ratios)	TT*	N/A	L B	1.44 1.63	0.9 1.16	to to	1.91 2.58	2024	No	Naturally present in environment.	
*Monthly ratio is the % TO	OC remova	l achieved to	the	% TOC rer	noval rec	quire	l. Annual av	erage must be	1.00 or gre	eater for compliance.	
Other Constituents											
Turbidity (NTU) TT	Allowable Levels		Source	Highest Single		Lowest Violation					
* Representative samples				Measurement		Monthly %		Likely Source of Turbidity			
Turbidity is a measure of the clarity of the water and not a contaminant.	No more than 1 NTU L Less than 0.3 NTU in B 95% monthly samples		0.09 0.65		100 98 No			Soil runoff			

Regulated Contaminant	Test Res	ults	North Nelson Water District									
Contaminant			Report	Range		Date of		Likely Source of				
[code] (units)	MCL	MCLG	Level	of Detection		Sample	Violation	Contamination				
Disinfectants/Disinfection Byproducts and Precursors												
Chloramines	MRDL	MRDLG	2.34						W/ 11'4' 14 1			
(ppm)	= 4	= 4	(highest	1.55	to	2.97	2024	No.	Water additive used to control microbes.			
			average)									
HAA (ppb) (Stage 2)			50						Daniel best of high-in-			
[Haloacetic acids]	60	N/A	(high site	26	to	95	2024	No	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection			
			average)	(range o	f indiv	idual sites)			disinfection			
TTHM (ppb) (Stage 2)			53						Daniel Land of Linking and a			
[total trihalomethanes]	80	N/A	(high site	14.4	to	48.2	2024	No	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.			
			average)	(range o	f indiv	idual sites)			dishifteetion.			
Household Plumbing Contaminants												
Copper (ppm) Round 1	AL =		0.125						Corrosion of household			
sites exceeding action level	1.3	1.3	(90 <sup>th</sup>	0	to	0.3	Aug-24	No	plumbing systems			
0			percentile)						plumonig systems			



This report will not be mailed unless requested. Additional copies will be available during normal business hours. Please call our office if you have any questions.